Annexure A

for the six months ended 30 September 2020





Classification, fair values and analysis of financial instruments

Categories of financial instruments:

	R million
September 2020	
Financial assets	
At amortised cost (including bank and cash, trade and other receivables and other investments)	14 109
Fair value through profit or loss	
- Derivatives held for risk management	11 987
- Other financial assets	201
Fair value through other comprehensive income	
- Investment in government bonds	-
- Equity investment (Rumo)	46
Financial liabilities	
At amortised cost (including trade payables and accruals*)	149 968
Fair value through profit or loss	
- Derivatives held-for-hedging	3 1 4 3
March 2020	
Financial assets	
Loans and receivables (including bank and cash, trade and other receivables and other investments)	14 855
Fair value through profit or loss	
– Derivatives held for risk management	14 080
- Other financial assets	201
Fair value through other comprehensive income	
- Investment in government bonds	329
– Equity investment (Rumo)	49
Financial liabilities	
Liabilities measured at amortised cost (including trade payables and accruals*)	151 575
Fair value through profit or loss	1010/0
Derivatives held-for-hedging	1 531
September 2019	
Financial assets	
Loans and receivables (including bank and cash, trade and other receivables and other investments)	12 083
Fair value through profit or loss	12 000
– Derivatives held for risk management	9 958
- Other financial assets	178
Fair value through other comprehensive income	
 Investment in government bonds 	340
– Equity investment (Rumo)	62
Financial liabilities	
Liabilities measured at amortised cost (including trade payables and accruals*)	143 123
Fair value through profit or loss	
- Derivatives held-for-hedging	2 0 5 1
* Trade naughles and accruals excluding nost-retirement employee henefit and tay-related accruals	

* Trade payables and accruals, excluding post-retirement employee benefit and tax-related accruals.

Fair value of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree of market observability of the inputs of the fair value:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category of instrument consists mainly of derivatives concluded for risk management purposes; and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Level 1 R million	Level 2 R million	Level 3 R million	Total R million
September 2020				
Financial assets at FVTPL*				
Derivative financial assets	-	11 987	—	11 987
Other financial assets	-	_	201	201
Financial assets at FVTOCI **				
Government bonds	-	_	_	_
Equity investment (Rumo)	46	_	_	46
Financial liabilities at FVTPL*				
Derivative financial liabilities	-	3 1 4 3	_	3 1 4 3
March 2020				
Financial assets at FVTPL*				
Derivative financial assets	_	14080	—	14 080
Other financial assets	_	_	201	201
Financial assets at FVTOCI **				
Government bonds	329	—	—	329
Equity investment (Rumo)	49	_	_	49
Financial liabilities at FVTPL*				
Derivative financial liabilities	_	1 531	_	1 531
September 2019				
Financial assets at FVTPL*				
Derivative financial assets	_	9 958	_	9 958
Other financial assets	_	_	178	178
Financial assets at FVTOCI **				
Government bonds	340	_	_	340
Equity investment (Rumo)	62	_	_	62
Financial liabilities at FVTPL*				
Derivative financial liabilities	_	2 051	_	2 051

* FVTPL – Fair value through profit and loss.

** FVTOCI - Fair value through other comprehensive income.

Measurement of fair values

The table below shows the valuation techniques used in measuring level 2 and level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used:

Financial instruments measured at fair value	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Cross-currency and interest rate swaps and forward exchange	Discounted cash flow method using market yield curves to project and discount cash flows.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
contracts used for hedging ¹	The Monte Carlo simulation model is used, incorporating market inputs that were observable, probabilities of default, recovery rates and expected future exposures per counterparty.		
Issued bonds ²	Bonds were priced at fair values using quoted market prices.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Other financial liabilities ³	Loans were valued using risk free yield curves adjusted for credit risk of counterparties.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

¹ Fair values include market observable credit valuation adjustments (CVA).

² Fair values include market observable debit valuation adjustments (DVA).
 ³ Other financial liabilities include borrowings and finance lease obligations.

Transfers between level 1 and 2

There were no transfers in either direction between level 1 and 2 in both the current and prior reporting periods.

Level 3 fair values

There were no transfers into or out of level 3 in both the current and prior reporting period.

Day-one gain or loss on financial instruments

	September 2020 R million	March 2020 R million	September 2019 R million
Loss at the beginning of the period	900	1 004	1 004
Day one loss recognised	0	0	0
Amortised to profit and loss	(54)	(104)	(53)
Loss at the end of the period	846	900	951

Disaggregation of revenue

	Freight Rail R million	Engineering R million	National Ports Authority R million	Port Terminals R million	Pipelines R million	Total for reportable segments R million	Other segments* R million	Total R million
September 2020 Revenue from contracts with customers	18 709	36	3 685	5 999	2 109	30 538	17	30 555
Coal Iron ore and manganese	6 985 6 154	_	_	_	_	6 985 6 154	_	6 985 6 154
Mineral mining and chrome Steel and cement Agricultural and bulk liquids	2 692 1 117 880	_	_			2 692 1 117 880	_	2 692 1 117 880
Marine services Containers	682		1 074 1 449	 3 115		1 074 5 246	_	1 074 5 246
Automotive Break-bulk Bulk	78	_	84 53 915	213 949 1717	_	375 1 002 2 632	_	375 1 002 2 632
Pipelines – oil and gas Engineering	_				2 092	2 092 36	_	2 092 36
Other ** Other revenue	121 230	_	110 786	5	17 26	253 1 042	17 366	270 1 408
Lease income Government grant Finance income from lending	230	_	786	_	26	1 016 26	366	1 382 26
activities	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-
Total external revenue	18 939	36	4 471	5 999	2 135	31 580	383	31 963

* Revenue from segments below the quantitative thresholds are attributable to Transnet Property and the corporate centre function. Transnet Property manages internal and external leases of commercial and residential property and the Transnet corporate centre function performs an administration function for the Group.

** Other revenue from contracts with customers relate mainly to lighthouse related tariff income, the use of ship repair facility related income at the ports, telecommunication services provided on the rail network and rail related demurrage income.

	Freight Rail R million	Engineering R million	National Ports Authority R million	Port Terminals R million	Pipelines R million	Total for reportable segments R million	Other segments* R million	Total R million
March 2020								
Revenue from contracts with customers	43 1 45	875	8 864	13809	5 674	72 367	—	72 367
Coal	14 930	_	_	_	_	14 930	_	14 930
Iron ore and manganese	13804	—	—	—	—	13 804	—	13 804
Mineral mining and chrome	5 767	—	—	—	—	5 767	—	5 767
Steel and cement	4 0 9 0	—	—	—	—	4 0 9 0	_	4 0 9 0
Agricultural and bulk liquids	1 993	_	—	—	—	1 993	_	1 993
Marine services		—	2 326	—	—	2 326	—	2 326
Containers	1 989	—	3 768	6 860	—	12617	—	12 617
Automotive	321	—	371	925	—	1 617	—	1 617
Break-bulk		—	124	2123	—	2 247	—	2 2 4 7
Bulk		—	1 983	3 894	—	5 877	—	5 877
Pipelines – oil and gas		—	—	—	5 619	5 619	—	5 619
Engineering		875	—	—	—	875	—	875
Other**	251	—	292	7	55	605	_	605
Other revenue	466	_	1 436	_	53	1 955	743	2 698
Lease income	466		1 436		_	1 902	738	2 640
Government grant	-	_	_	_	53	53	—	53
Finance income from lending activities	_	_	_	_	_	_	5	5
Total external revenue	43 611	875	10 300	13809	5 727	74 322	743	75 065

Revenue from segments below the quantitative thresholds are attributable to two operating segments of Transnet and the corporate centre function. Those segments include Transnet Property that manages internal and external leases of commercial and residential property and Transnet Capital Projects, which manages the Group's large capital projects. The Transnet corporate centre function performs an administration function for the Group.

** Other revenue from contracts with customers relate mainly to lighthouse related tariff income, the use of ship repair facility related income at the ports, telecommunication services provided on the rail network and rail related demurrage income.

	Freight Rail R million	Engineering R million	National Ports Authority R million	Port Terminals R million	Pipelines R million	Total for reportable segments R million	Other segments* R million	Total R million
September 2019 Revenue from contracts with customers	22 088	586	4 532	7 1 36	2 974	37 316	_	37 316
Coal	7 462	_	_	_	_	7 462	_	7 462
Iron ore and manganese	7 0 4 7	_	—	_	_	7 047	—	7 0 4 7
Mineral mining and chrome	2 809	—	—	—	—	2 809	—	2 809
Steel and cement	2 299	—	—	—	—	2 299	_	2 299
Agricultural and bulk liquids	1 0 3 3	—	—	—	—	1 033	_	1 033
Marine services	_	—	1 1 6 9	—	—	1 1 6 9	—	1 1 6 9
Containers	1 093	—	1 948	3 593	—	6 634	_	6 634
Automotive	173	—	201	477	—	851	—	851
Break-bulk		—	71	1 097	—	1168	_	1168
Bulk		—	996	1 965	—	2 961	_	2 961
Pipelines – oil and gas		—	—	—	2 941	2 941	_	2 941
Engineering	_	586	—	—	—	586	—	586
Other**	172	_	147	4	33	356	_	356
Other revenue	243	_	691	_	26	960	391	1 351
Lease income	243	_	691	_	_	934	389	1 323
Government grant		_	_	_	26	26	_	26
Finance income from lending activities		_	_	_	_	_	2	2
Total external revenue	22 331	586	5 223	7136	3 000	38 276	391	38 667

Revenue from segments below the quantitative thresholds are attributable to two operating segments of Transnet and the corporate centre function. Those segments include Transnet Property that manages internal and external leases of commercial and residential property and Transnet Capital Projects, which manages the Group's large capital projects. The Transnet corporate centre function performs an administration function for the Group.
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